#### HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index 22/4/2021

# 樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

#### Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

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	香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel
調查日期 Survey date	16/4 15:00 – 21/4 15:00
調查方法 Survey method	以電郵接觸群組成員,並於網上完成調查 Online survey
訪問對象 Target population	十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+
總成功樣本 Total sample size	6,330
回應比率 Response rate	6.7%
抽樣誤差 Sampling error	95%置信水平,百分比誤差+/-1% Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level
加權方法 Weighting method	按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字;2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果;3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字,以「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys.

## 限聚指數

# **Group Gathering Prohibition Index**

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- 最新調查日期 Latest survey date: 16-21/4/2021 (N=6,330)
- 上次調查日期 Last survey date: 22-29/3/2021 (N=6,806)
- 上上次調査日期 Second last survey date: 8-22/3/2021 (N=6,210)

#### 意見題目

你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」?

- ■應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」
- 不應該,應視乎疫情而定
- 不知道/很難說

[追問沒有選擇應該"無條件撤銷「限聚令」"者] 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限 聚令」訂於2人?

你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限 聚令」訂於4人?

你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限 聚令」訂於8人?

你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人?

請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的[個案數及限聚人數] 組合.....

#### **Opinion Questions**

Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong?

- Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally
- No, it should depend on the epidemic situation
- Don't know / hard to say

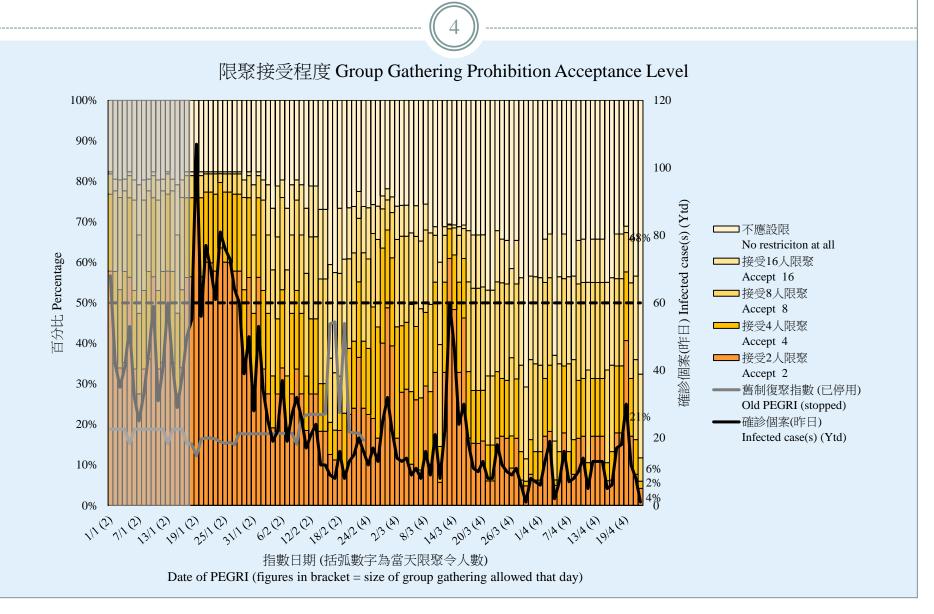
[For respondents NOT answering "Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally"]

How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people?

Please list combinations of [number of cases & number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:

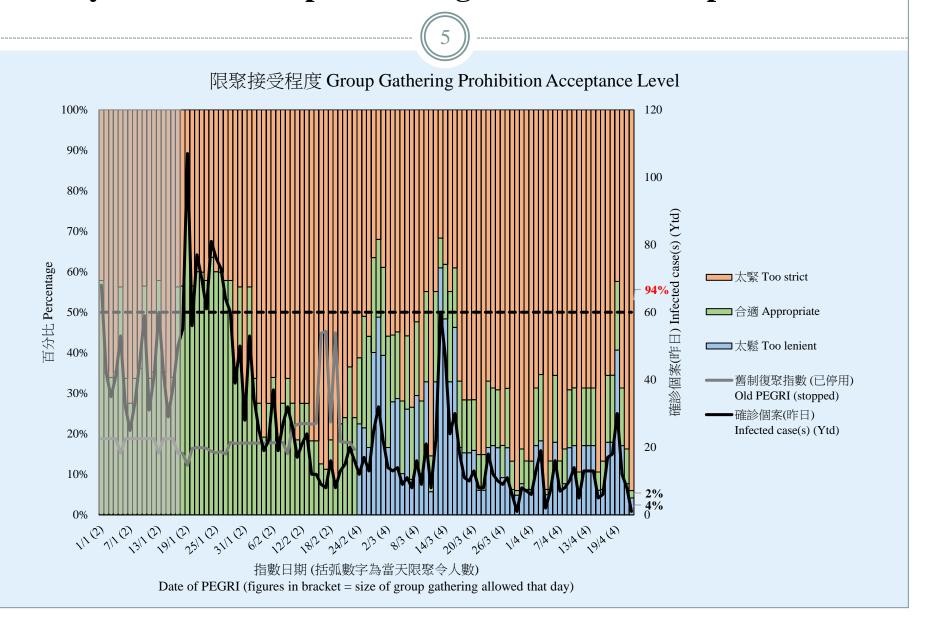
## 調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

#### **Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level**



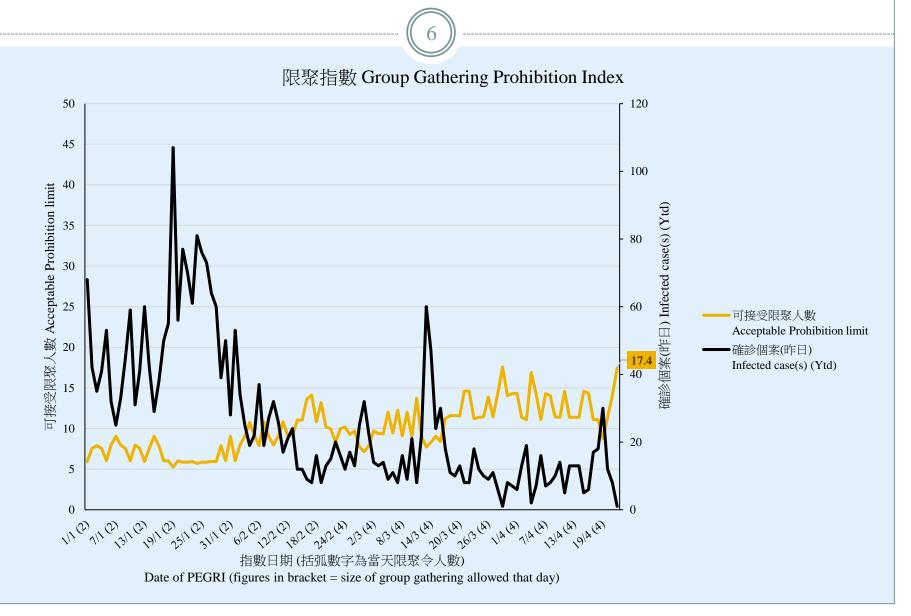
## 調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

#### **Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level**



#### 調查結果 - 限聚指數

#### **Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Index**



#### 限聚指數 - 分析評論 Crown Cothoring Probibition Indox. Com

## **Group Gathering Prohibition Index – Commentary**

香港教育中心商會副主席任偉豪先生指出,「市民於4月22日認為限聚 令過緊的比例已激增到疫症以來的高峰,達到百分之九十四,反映市民 極度不滿多月以來過緊的防疫措施。這極大程度反映現時的防疫措施與 疫症的現況已完全不合比例。政府應以這些數字作為參考,盡快進一步 放寬防疫措施,以回應全港市民的訴求。」

Mr Yam Wai Ho, Vice Chairman of The Hong Kong Chamber of Education Centres, observed, "On April 22, 94% of the respondents believed that the anti-epidemic group gathering ban was too tight, which has surged to the peak since the epidemic. This means that the public is extremely dissatisfied with the over-tightening anti-epidemic policy over these months, and the severeness of the current epidemic prevention measures in general is completely out of proportion. The government should use these figures as references, and relax the epidemic prevention policy as soon as possible in response to the demands of Hong Kong people."