#### HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index 20/5/2021

## 樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

#### Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

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	香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel
調查日期 Survey date	16/4 15:00 – 21/4 15:00
調查方法 Survey method	以電郵接觸群組成員,並於網上完成調查 Online survey
訪問對象 Target population	十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+
總成功樣本 Total sample size	6,330
回應比率 Response rate	6.7%
抽樣誤差 Sampling error	95%置信水平,百分比誤差+/-1% Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level
加權方法 Weighting method	按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字; 2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果;3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字,以 「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys.

### 限聚指數

#### **Group Gathering Prohibition Index**

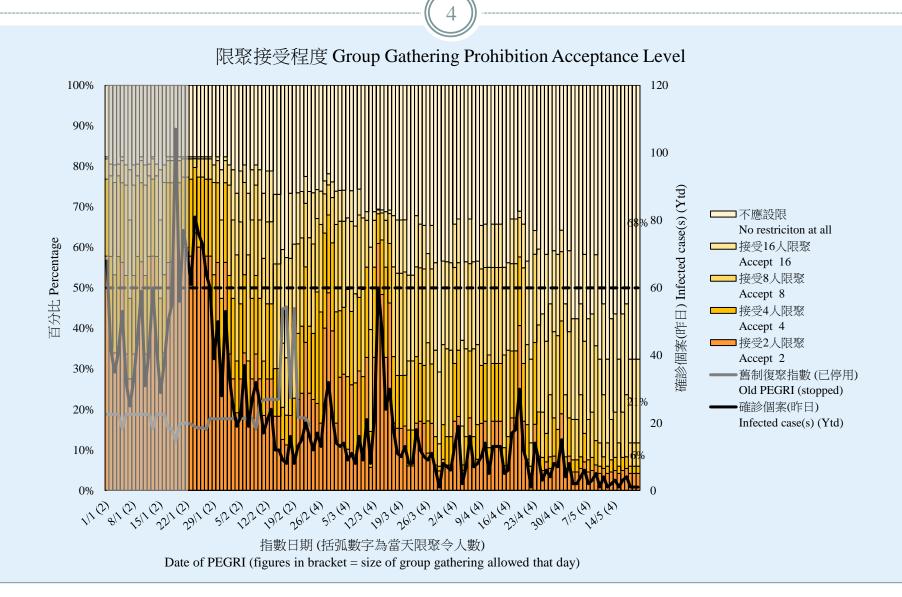
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- <u>最新</u>調查日期 <u>Latest</u> survey date: 16-21/4/2021 (N=6,330)
- 上次調查日期 Last survey date: 22-29/3/2021 (N=6,806)
- <u>上上次</u>調查日期 <u>Second last</u> survey date: 8-22/3/2021 (*N=6,210*)

意見題目	Opinion Questions
你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」?  ■ 應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」  ■ 不應該,應視乎疫情而定  ■ 不知道/很難說	Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong?  Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally  No, it should depend on the epidemic situation  Don't know / hard to say
[追問沒有選擇應該"無條件撤銷「限聚令」"者] 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於2人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人? 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少,才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人? 請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的[個案數及限聚人數]組合	[For respondents NOT answering "Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally"] How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people?  Please list combinations of [number of cases & number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:

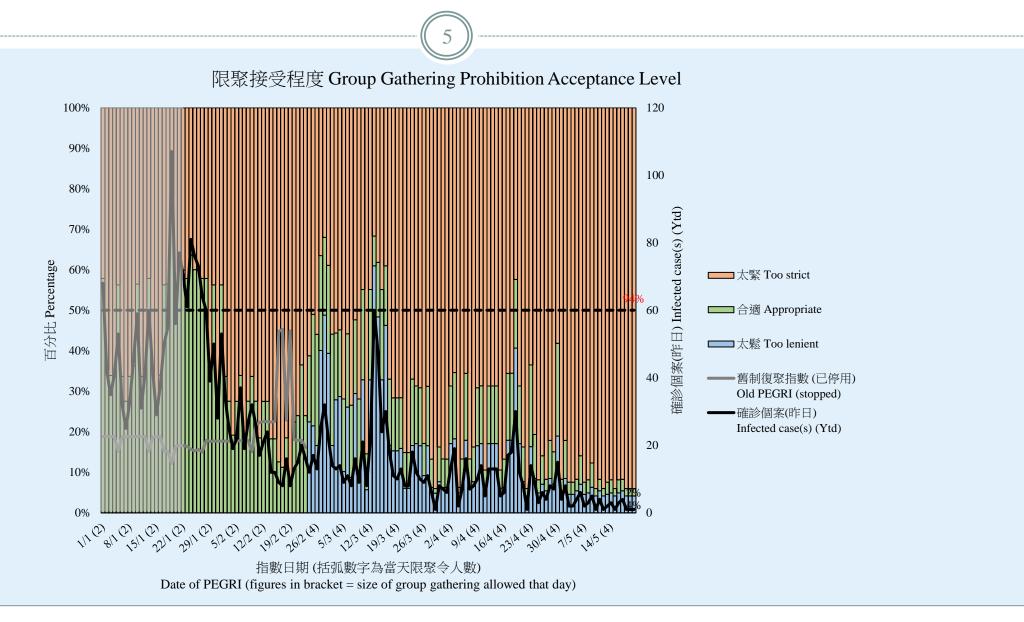
#### 調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

#### **Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level**



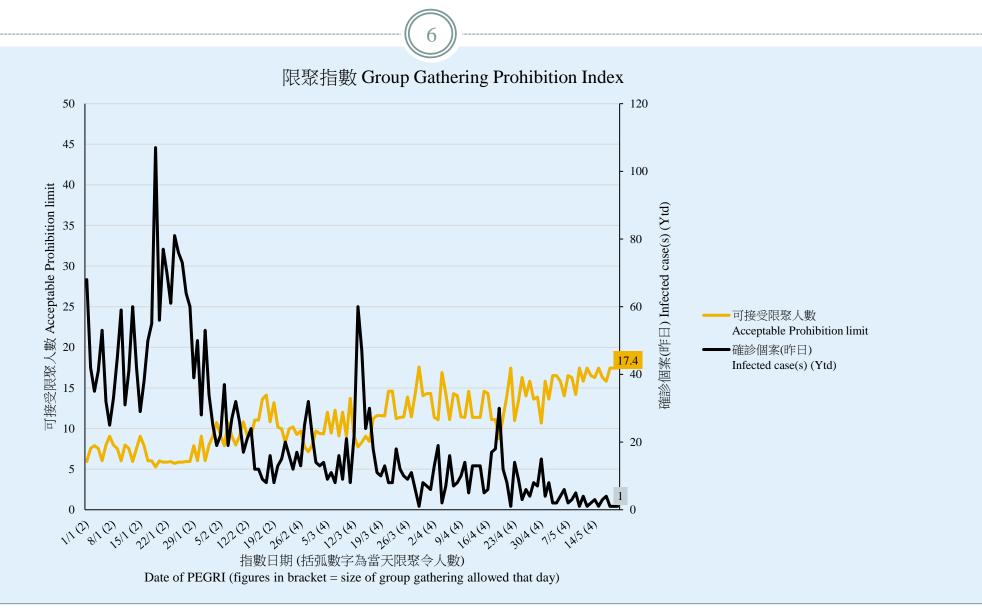
# 調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

#### **Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level**



# 調查結果 - 限聚指數

#### **Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Index**



#### 限聚指數 - 分析評論

#### **Group Gathering Prohibition Index – Commentary**

民生大聯盟發言人章彤輝博士指出,「抗疫信息充斥市面,市民對限聚變得『冷淡』。雖然他們知道現在可以做的不多,但仍然希望政府能夠給出一個方向。目前的限聚措施,確實改善了中小型食肆的生意,不過大型酒樓乃至整個旅遊業,還是度日如年。在晚上,傳統遊客區油麻地和尖沙咀,市面慘淡冷清,關門和空置的店鋪隨處可見。香港人向來以頑強見稱,經歷磨難後一次次走出困境,我們可以愁坐危城,但不代表政府可以一起坐吧。」

Dr Tung-fai Cheung, Spokesman of Alliance of Revitalizing Economy and Livelihood, observed, "Facing so much chaotic information, peoples are becoming more and more 'indifferent' to the group gathering ban. Although they know there is not much they can do, they still expect our government to take up a leading role. Businesses in small or medium catering services have been rejuvenated but this is not the case for large restaurants, nor the whole tourism industry. We found that the traditional tourism areas like Tsim Sha Tsui and Yau Ma Tei are deserted at night. Quite some shops are closed or even vacant. Hong Kong peoples are well-known to be tough and can survive many ups and downs. This time, we may become indifferent when facing the crisis, but the government cannot."